AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

1. (Previously Presented) An isolated polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide which comprises the amino acid sequence of a *Rht* polypeptide obtained from *Triticum* aestivum, said sequence comprising the amino acid sequence

DELLAALGYKVRASDMA (SEQ ID NO:104),

and which on expression in a *Triticum aestivum* plant provides inhibition of growth of the plant, which inhibition is antagonised by gibberellin.

- 2. (Cancelled).
- 3. (Previously Presented) An isolated polynucleotide according to claim 1 which includes the nucleotide sequence of nucleic acid obtained from *Triticum aestivum* encoding the *Rht* polypeptide, the nucleotide sequence including GACGAGCTGCTGGCGCGCTCCGACATGGCG (SEQ ID NO:105).
- 4. (Previously Presented) An isolated polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide which comprises the amino acid sequence shown in Figure 8b (SEQ ID NO:7).

5. (Previously Presented) An isolated polynucleotide according to claim 4 which has the coding nucleotide sequence shown in Figure 8a (SEQ ID NO:14).

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- 6. (Cancel).
- 7-9 (Cancelled).
- 10. (Currently Amended) An isolated polynucleotide according to claim 6 encoding a polypeptide which on expression in a plant provides inhibition of growth of the plant, which inhibition is antagonised by gibberellin,

wherein said polynucleotide specifically hybridizes to the sequence of Figure 8A (SEQ ID NO: 14) at 65°C in 0.25M Na₂HPO₄, pH 7.2, 6.5% SDS, 10% dextran sulphate and a final wash at 60°C in 0.1X SSC, 0.1% SDS, and;

wherein said polypeptide includes the amino acid sequence shown in Figure 9b (SEQ ID NO: 8) for the maize D8 polypeptide.

- 11. (Previously Presented) An isolated polynucleotide according to claim 10 which has the coding nucleotide sequence shown in Figure 9a (SEQ ID NO:15).
- 12. (Currently Amended) An isolated polynucleotide according to claim 6 encoding a polypeptide which on expression in a plant provides inhibition of growth of the plant, which inhibition is antagonised by gibberellin,

wherein said polynucleotide specifically hybridizes to the sequence of Figure 8A (SEQ ID NO: 14) at 65°C in 0.25M Na₂HPO₄, pH 7.2, 6.5% SDS, 10% dextran sulphate and a final wash at 60°C in 0.1X SSC, 0.1% SDS, and;

wherein said polypeptide includes the amino acid sequence shown in Figure 6b (SEQ ID NO: 5).

13. (Previously Presented) An isolated polynucleotide according to claim 12 which has the coding nucleotide sequence shown in Figure 6a (SEQ ID NO:12).

14 and 15 (Cancel).

16 (Cancelled).

17-19 (Cancel).

20. (Currently Amended) An isolated polynucleotide according to claim 19 encoding a polypeptide which on expression in a plant confers a phenotype on the plant which is gibberellin-unresponsive dwarfism or which on expression in a *rht* null mutant phenotype plant complements the *rht* null mutant phenotype, such *rht* null mutant phenotype being resistant to the dwarfing effect of paclobutrazol,

which <u>polynucleotide</u> has the coding nucleotide sequence shown in Figure 9a (SEQ ID NO: 15) wherein the nucleotides encoding the amino acid sequence DELLAALGYKVRSSDMA (SEQ ID NO: 106) are deleted.

21-24 (Cancel).

25. (Currently Amended) An isolated polynucleotide according to claim 24 encoding a polypeptide which on expression in a plant confers a phenotype on the plant which is gibberellin-unresponsive dwarfism or which on expression in a *rht* null mutant phenotype plant complements the *rht* null mutant phenotype, such *rht* null mutant phenotype being resistant to the dwarfing effect of paclobutrazol,

which <u>polynucleotide</u> has the coding nucleotide sequence shown in Figure 6a (SEQ ID NO: 12), wherein the nucleotides encoding the amino acid sequence DELLAALGYKVRSSDMA (SEQ ID NO: 106) are deleted.

- 26. (Previously Presented) An isolated polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide which comprises the amino acid sequence shown in Figure 8b (SEQ ID NO:7), with the amino acid sequence DELLAALGYKVRASDMA (SEQ ID NO:104) deleted.
- 27. (Previously Presented) An isolated polynucleotide according to claim 26 which has the coding nucleotide sequence shown in Figure 8a (SEQ ID NO:14), wherein

the nucleotides encoding the amino acid sequence DELLAALGYKVRASDMA (SEQ ID NO:104) are deleted.

- 28. (Previously Presented) An isolated polynucleotide comprising the isolated polynucleotide according to claim 1 operably linked to a regulatory sequence for expression.
- 29. (Original) An isolated polynucleotide according to claim 28 wherein the regulatory sequence includes an inducible promoter.

30 and 31 (Cancelled).

- 32. (Previously Presented) A nucleic acid vector for transformation of a plant cell and including the polynucleotide according to claim 1.
- 33. (Previously Presented) A host cell containing a heterologous polynucleotide or nucleic acid vector each comprising the isolated polynucleotide according to claim 1.
- 34. (Previously Presented) A host cell according to claim 33 which is a microbial cell.
 - 35. (Original) A host cell according to claim 33 which is a plant cell.

- 36. (Previously Presented) A plant cell according to claim 35 having said heterologous polynucleotide in its genome.
- 37. (Previously Presented) A plant cell according to claim 36 having more than one said polynucleotide per haploid genome.
- 38. (Previously Presented) A plant cell according to claim 35 which is comprised in a plant, a plant part or a plant propagule, or an extract of a plant.
- 39. (Previously Presented) A method of producing the host cell according to claim 35, the method including incorporating said heterologous polynucleotide or nucleic acid vector into the cell by means of transformation.
- 40. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 39 which includes recombining the polynucleotide with the cell genome such that it is stably incorporated therein.
- 41. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 39 wherein said host cell is a plant cell and said method further includes regenerating a plant from one or more of said transformed cells.

- 42. (Previously Presented) A plant comprising the plant cell according to claim 35.
- 43. (Previously Presented) A part or propagule of a plant comprising a plant cell according to claim 35.
- 44. (Currently Amended) A method of producing the <u>a</u> isolated plant, the method including incorporating a polynucleotide according to claim 1 into a plant cell and regenerating a plant from said plant cell.
- 45. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 44 further including sexually or asexually propagating or growing off-spring or a descendant of the plant regenerated from said plant cell.
- 46. (Previously Presented) A method of influencing the growth of a plant, the method including causing or allowing expression from a heterologous polynucleotide comprising the isolated polynucleotide according to claim 1 within cells of the plant,

whereby said expression of said heterologous polypeptide influences the growth of said plant.

47 (Cancelled).

48 and 49 (Cancel).

50. (Currently Amended) A method according to claim 49 of identifying or obtaining a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide which comprises the amino acid sequence DELLAALGYKVRASDMA (SEQ ID NO:104) and which on expression in a plant provides inhibition of growth of the plant, which inhibition is antagonised by gibberellin,

wherein said polynucleotide specifically hybridizes to the sequence of Figure 8A (SEQ ID NO: 14) at 65°C in 0.25M Na₂HPO₄, pH 7.2, 6.5% SDS, 10% dextran sulphate and a final wash at 60°C in 0.1X SSC, 0.1% SDS.,

the method comprising screening candidate nucleic acid by PCR using

oligonucleotide primers wherein said primers are selected from those shown in Tables 1

(SEQ ID NO: 21 – SEQ ID NO:55) and 2 (SEQ ID NO: 80 – SEQ ID NO:100).

51-56 (Cancelled).